# UNITED STATES

			ton, D.C. 20549	
(Mark One)		FC	ORM 10-Q	
(Mark One)				
X	QUARTE		UANT TO SECTION 13 OR EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	15(d) OF THE
	FOR T	THE QUARTERLY P	ERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBE	ER 30, 2014
			OR	
		SECURITIES 1	UANT TO SECTION 13 OR EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 PERIOD FROM TO	
		Commission fil	e number: 001-35479	
			COBAL INC.	
		(Exact hame of regist	tant as specifica in its charter)	
	<b>Delaware</b> (State or Other Jurisdict Incorporation or Organiz		(I.R.:	- <b>5956993</b> S. Employer fication No.)
2 Housto	on Center, 909 Fannin S	treet, Suite 3100		
(A	<b>Houston, Texas</b> Address of Principal Execution		(2	<b>77010</b> Zip Code)
		(877	) 294-7574	
		·	Number, including Area Code)	
Act of 1934 durir	9	(or for such shorter period	-	13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange o file such reports), and (2) has been
File required to b	e submitted and posted pur	suant to Rule 405 of Reg		e Web site, if any, every Interactive Data ter) during the preceding 12 months (or
				ccelerated filer or a smaller reporting oany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated	d filer [X] A	ccelerated filer [ ]	Non-accelerated filer [ ]	Smaller reporting company [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [X]

registrant's common stock (excluding 242,223 unvested restricted shares), par value \$0.01 per share, issued and outstanding as of

October 31, 2014.

The Company's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "MRC". There were 102,064,907 shares of the

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## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

## MRC GLOBAL INC.

	September 30, 2014		De	cember 31, 2013
	(In t	thousands, excep	t per sho	are amounts)
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	31,130	\$	25,188
Accounts receivable, net		1,089,507		812,147
Inventories, net		1,080,857		971,567
Other current assets		48,553		37,091
Total current assets		2,250,047		1,845,993
Other assets		29,037		30,473
Property, plant and equipment, net		116,421		118,923
Intangible assets:				
Goodwill, net		834,336		632,284
Other intangible assets, net		739,338		708,009
	\$	3,969,179	\$	3,335,682
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities:				
Trade accounts payable	\$	617,369	\$	550,393
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	•	173,030	•	124,925
Deferred income taxes		77,812		78,844
Current portion of long-term debt		7,935		7,935
Total current liabilities		876,146		762,097
Long-term obligations:				
Long-term debt, net		1,408,998		978,899
Deferred income taxes		234,388		241,116
Other liabilities		24,413		15,302
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share: 500,000 shares authorized, 102,064 and 101,913 issued and outstanding, respectively		1,020		1,019
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share; 100,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding		-		_
Additional paid-in capital		1,653,702		1,644,406
Retained deficit		(153,781)		(266,735)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(75,707)		(40,422)
·		1,425,234		1,338,268
	\$	3,969,179	\$	3,335,682

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

## MRC GLOBAL INC.

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>			Nine Months Ended				
	September 30, 2014		September 30, 2013		September 30, 2014		Se	eptember 30, 2013
		(	In t	housands, except	per s	share amounts)		
Sales	\$	1,618,146	\$	1,313,711	\$	4,421,120	\$	3,886,589
Cost of sales		1,340,103		1,075,418		3,651,523		3,157,792
Gross profit		278,043		238,293		769,597		728,797
Selling, general and administrative expenses		184,842		160,910		541,518		475,642
Operating income		93,201		77,383		228,079		253,155
Other income (expense):								
Interest expense		(14,925)		(15,463)		(45,436)		(45,988)
Change in fair value of derivative instruments		2,593		(1,828)		(1,667)		589
Other, net		(4,677)		(87)		(7,961)		(13,471)
Income before income taxes		76,192		60,005		173,015		194,285
Income tax expense		26,058		21,248		60,061		65,493
Net income	\$	50,134	\$	38,757	\$	112,954	\$	128,792
						,		1
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.49	\$	0.38	\$	1.11	\$	1.27
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.49	\$	0.38	\$	1.10	\$	1.26
Weighted-average common shares, basic		102,035		101,715		101,982		101,673
Weighted-average common shares, diluted		102,860		102,393		102,875		102,455

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

## MRC GLOBAL INC.

		<b>Three Months Ended</b>				Nine Months Ended			
	Sept	September 30, 2014		September 30, 2013		tember 30, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2013	
				(In tho	usands	s)			
Net income	\$	50,134	\$	38,757	\$	112,954	\$	128,792	
Other comprehensive income (loss) -									
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(44,415)		12,113		(35,285)		(9,258)	
Comprehensive income	\$	5,719	\$	50,870	\$	77,669	\$	119,534	

 $See\ notes\ to\ condensed\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$ 

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

MRC GLOBAL INC.

	Nine Months Ended				
	Sep	tember 30, 2014	September 30, 2013		
Operating activities		(In thou	sands)		
Net income	\$	112,954	\$	128,792	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operations:					
Depreciation and amortization		17,075		16,782	
Amortization of intangibles		53,209		39,128	
Equity-based compensation expense		7,468		8,602	
Deferred income tax benefit		(25,178)		(16,747)	
Amortization of debt issuance costs		3,822		4,376	
Increase (decrease) in LIFO reserve		5,907		(21,247)	
Change in fair value of derivative instruments		1,667		(589)	
Provision for uncollectible accounts		941		(355)	
Foreign currency losses		1,798		11,993	
Other non-cash items		1,318		(133)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		1,510		(155)	
Accounts receivable		(226,789)		(25,448)	
Inventories		(83,186)		48,026	
Income taxes payable		17,179		(815)	
Other current assets		(6,632)		(11,961)	
Accounts payable		38,397		64,849	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		11,414		(3,878)	
Net cash (used in) provided by operations	_	(68,636)		241,375	
ivet cash (used in) provided by operations	_	(00,030)		241,575	
Investing activities					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(10,051)		(14,902)	
Proceeds from the disposition of property, plant and equipment		1,231		4,025	
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(346,992)		(21,909)	
Other investment and notes receivable transactions		1,342		(2,116)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(354,470)		(34,902)	
Financing activities					
Payments on revolving credit facilities		(1,148,750)		(1,534,095)	
Proceeds from revolving credit facilities		1,585,509		1,328,296	
Payments on long-term obligations		(5,951)		(4,875)	
Debt issuance costs paid		(3,606)		(189)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		2,145		2,230	
Tax benefit on stock options		186		302	
Other financing activities		-		(6)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		429,533		(208,337)	
ivet cash provided by (used in) financing activities		423,333	_	(200,337)	
Increase (decrease) in cash		6,427		(1,864)	
Effect of foreign exchange rate on cash		(485)		(1,787)	
Cash beginning of period		25,188		37,090	
Cash end of period	\$	31,130	\$	33,439	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:					
Cash paid for interest	\$	42,891	\$	41,566	
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	67,706	\$	82,589	
	-	,	-	3=,535	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

MRC GLOBAL INC.

#### NOTE 1 – BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Business Operations: MRC Global Inc. is a holding company headquartered in Houston, Texas. Our wholly owned subsidiaries are global distributors of pipe, valves, fittings ("PVF") and related products and services across each of the upstream (exploration, production and extraction of underground oil and gas), midstream (gathering and transmission of oil and gas, gas utilities, and the storage and distribution of oil and gas) and downstream (crude oil refining, petrochemical processing and general industrials) sectors. We have branches in principal industrial, hydrocarbon producing and refining areas throughout the United States, Canada, Europe, Asia, Australasia, the Middle East and Kazakhstan. Our products are obtained from a broad range of suppliers.

**Basis of Presentation:** We have prepared our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X for interim financial statements. These statements do not include all information and footnotes that generally accepted accounting principles require for complete annual financial statements. However, the information in these statements reflects all normal recurring adjustments which are, in our opinion, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that will be realized for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014. We have derived our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2013 from the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. You should read these condensed consolidated financial statements in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MRC Global Inc. and its wholly owned and majority owned subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Company" or by such terms as "we," "our" or "us"). All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

## **NOTE 2 – TRANSACTIONS**

In January 2014, we completed the acquisition of Stream AS ("Stream"). Headquartered in Norway, Stream AS (now known as MRC Global Norway AS) is the leading pipe, valve and fittings distributor and provider of flow control products, solutions and services to the offshore oil and gas industry on the Norwegian Continental Shelf. The purchase price for this acquisition was \$260 million including the assumption of certain tax obligations and pension liabilities.

In January 2014, we sold our progressive cavity pump ("PCP") distribution and servicing business to Europump Systems, Inc., our primary supplier of PCP pumps. We recorded a pre-tax charge of \$6.2 million associated with the termination of a related profit sharing agreement during the first quarter of 2014.

In May 2014, we completed the acquisition of MSD Engineering Pte. Limited ("MSD"). Located in Singapore, MSD is a major distributor and regional service provider of valve and valve automation solutions to customers in Singapore, Brunei, China, Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand, Vietnam and Taiwan.

In June 2014, we completed the acquisition of Metron Holding AS, the parent company of Hypteck AS ("Hypteck"). Headquartered in Norway, Hypteck is a Norwegian provider of instrumentation and process control products to the offshore, marine and onshore industries with a focus on the Norwegian Continental Shelf. The company also provides instrumentation and process and control system solutions to capital offshore projects around the world.

The purchase price for the MSD and Hypteck acquisitions totaled \$102.2 million. The Hypteck purchase price is subject to an earnout provision which could result in additional contingent consideration of up to \$8 million. Because we recently consummated the three acquisitions described above, we have not yet finalized the determination of the fair values of certain tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The amounts currently recorded are based on estimates and are subject to change once the valuation procedures have been completed.

## **NOTE 3 – INVENTORIES**

The composition of our inventory is as follows (in thousands):

	-	ember 30, 2014		ember 31, 2013
Finished goods inventory at average cost:				
Energy carbon steel tubular products	\$	430,847	\$	362,449
Valves, fittings, flanges and all other products		810,884	763	
		1,241,731		1,125,568
Less: Excess of average cost over LIFO cost (LIFO reserve)		(136,709)		(130,802)
Less: Other inventory reserves		(24,165)		(23,199)
	\$	1,080,857	\$	971,567

## **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

The components of our long-term debt are as follows (in thousands):

	Sep	tember 30, 2014	ember 31, 2013
Senior Secured Term Loan B, net of discount of \$3,884 and \$4,457	\$	781,681	\$ 787,059
Global ABL Facility		631,703	199,630
Other		3,549	 145
		1,416,933	986,834
Less: Current portion		7,935	 7,935
	\$	1,408,998	\$ 978,899

Senior Secured Term Loan B: We have a \$793.5 million seven-year Senior Secured Term Loan B (the "Term Loan") the principal amount of which amortizes in equal quarterly installments of 1% per year with the balance payable in November 2019 when the facility matures. Subject to securing additional lender commitments, the Term Loan allows for incremental increases in facility size above \$793.5 million up to an aggregate of \$200 million, plus an additional amount such that the Company's senior secured leverage ratio (as defined under the Term Loan) would not exceed 3.50 to 1.00. McJunkin Red Man Corporation is the borrower under this facility, which is guaranteed by MRC Global Inc. as well as all of its wholly owned U.S. subsidiaries. In addition, it is secured by a second lien on the assets securing our Global ABL Facility (which includes accounts receivable, inventory and related assets) and a first lien on substantially all of the other assets of MRC Global Inc. and those of its U.S. subsidiaries, as well as a pledge of all of the capital stock of our domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the capital stock of first tier, non-U.S. subsidiaries. We are required to repay the Term Loan with certain asset sales and insurance proceeds, certain debt proceeds and 50% of excess cash flow (reducing to 25% if our senior secured leverage ratio is no more than 2.75 to 1.00 and 0% if our senior secured leverage ratio is no more than 2.50 to 1.00). In addition, the Term Loan contains a number of customary restrictive covenants.

The interest rate for the Term Loan, including the amortization of original issue discount, was 5.09% as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Global ABL Facility: In July 2014, we amended our revolving credit facility. We have a \$1.05 billion multi-currency global asset-based revolving credit facility (the "Global ABL Facility") that matures in July 2019. This facility is comprised of \$977 million in revolver commitments in the United States, \$30 million in Norway, \$20 million in Canada, \$5 million in the United Kingdom, \$10 million in Australia, \$4 million in the Netherlands and \$4 million in Belgium. It contains an accordion feature that allows us to increase the principal amount of the facility by up to \$300 million, subject to securing additional lender commitments.

MRC Global Inc. and each of its current and future wholly owned material U.S. subsidiaries guarantee the obligations of our borrower subsidiaries under the Global ABL Facility. Additionally, each of our non-U.S. borrower subsidiaries

guarantees the obligations of our other non-U.S. borrower subsidiaries under the Global ABL Facility. Outstanding obligations are generally secured by a first priority security interest in accounts receivable, inventory and related assets.

The interest rate for the Global ABL Facility was 2.13% and 2.12% as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Availability under our Global ABL Facility was \$276.2 million as of September 30, 2014.

Stream Facility: In conjunction with the acquisition of Stream, we assumed a credit facility, denominated in Norwegian Krone, comprised of subfacilities for revolving credit of \$28 million, guarantees of \$33 million and foreign exchange of \$2 million. Subsequent to the close of the acquisition, this facility was amended and currently consists of a guarantee facility of \$28 million, an overdraft facility of \$10 million and a foreign exchange facility of \$2 million. These facilities are secured by standby letters of credit drawn against our Global ABL Facility and have no financial maintenance covenants.

## NOTE 5 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

## **Stock Options and Restricted Stock**

Our 2011 Omnibus Incentive Plan has 3,250,000 shares reserved for issuance pursuant to the plan. The plan permits the issuance of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares, performance units and other stock-based and cash-based awards. Since the adoption of the 2011 Omnibus Incentive Plan, the Company's Board of Directors has periodically granted stock options and restricted stock to directors and employees, but no other types of awards have been granted under the plan. Options and stock appreciation rights may not be granted at prices less than their fair market value on the date of the grant, nor for a term exceeding ten years. For employees, vesting generally occurs ratably over a three to five year period on the anniversaries of the date specified in the employees' respective stock option and restricted stock agreements, subject to accelerated vesting under certain circumstances set forth in the agreements. Vesting for directors generally occurs on the one-year anniversary of the grant date. In February 2014, 421,405 stock options and 157,800 shares of restricted stock were granted to employees. In the second quarter of 2014, 1,187 stock options previously granted were declined, and 36,704 shares of restricted stock were granted to members of the Board of Directors. In the third quarter of 2014, 1,020 shares of restricted stock were granted to an employee. To date, 2,506,412 shares have been granted to management, members of our Board of Directors and key employees under this plan. We expense the fair value of the stock option grants on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. A Black-Scholes option-pricing model is used to estimate the fair value of the stock options.

## **Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss**

Accumulated other comprehensive loss in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets consists of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2014		mber 31, 2013
Currency translation adjustments	\$	(75,458)	\$ (40,173)
Pension related adjustments		(249)	(249)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	(75,707)	\$ (40,422)

## Earnings per Share

Earnings per share are calculated in the table below (in thousands, except per share amounts).

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended								
	September 30, 2014						September 30, 2013		September 30, 2014		September 30, 2013	
Net income	\$	50,134	\$	38,757	\$	112,954	\$	128,792				
Average basic shares outstanding		102,035		101,715		101,982		101,673				
Effect of dilutive securities		825		678		893		782				
Average diluted shares outstanding		102,860		102,393		102,875		102,455				
Net income per share:												
Basic	\$	0.49	\$	0.38	\$	1.11	\$	1.27				
Diluted	\$	0.49	\$	0.38	\$	1.10	\$	1.26				

Stock options and shares of restricted stock are disregarded in this calculation if they are determined to be anti-dilutive. For the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we had approximately 1.1 million and 1.2 million anti-dilutive stock options, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we had approximately 1.0 million and 0.6 million anti-dilutive stock options, respectively. There was no anti-dilutive restricted stock for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

## **NOTE 6 – SEGMENT INFORMATION**

We operate as three business segments, U.S., Canada and International. Our International segment consists of our operations outside of the U.S. and Canada, principally Europe, Asia, Australasia and the Middle East. These segments represent our business of selling PVF and related products and services to the energy and industrial sectors, across each of the upstream (exploration, production and extraction of underground oil and gas), midstream (gathering and transmission of oil and gas, gas utilities, and the storage and distribution of oil and gas) and downstream (crude oil refining, petrochemical processing and general industrials) sectors.

The following table presents financial information for each segment (in millions):

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended				
	September 30, 2014		September 30, 2013		September 30, 2014		-	ember 30, 2013	
Sales									
U.S.	\$	1,205.2	\$	1,015.0	\$	3,268.7	\$	2,955.8	
Canada		161.2		162.1		477.5		520.1	
International		251.7		136.6		674.9		410.7	
Sales	\$	1,618.1	\$	1,313.7	\$	4,421.1	\$	3,886.6	
Operating income									
U.S.	\$	76.2	\$	72.9	\$	194.8	\$	229.8	
Canada		7.7		3.2		20.5		14.6	
International		9.3		1.3		12.8		8.8	
Operating income		93.2		77.4		228.1		253.2	
Interest expense		(14.9)		(15.5)		(45.4)		(46.0)	
Other, net		(2.1)		(1.9)		(9.6)		(12.9)	
Income before income taxes	\$	76.2	\$	60.0	\$	173.1	\$	194.3	

	Sept	ember 30, 2014	ember 31, 2013
Total assets		_	
U.S.	\$	3,164.0	\$ 2,732.3
Canada		196.4	204.7
International		608.8	398.7
Total assets	\$	3,969.2	\$ 3,335.7

Our sales by product line are as follows (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	Sep	September 30,		September 30,		September 30,		ptember 30,	
Type	2014		2013		2014		2013		
Energy carbon steel tubular products:									
Line pipe	\$	323,149	\$	278,460	\$	818,509	\$	771,230	
Oil country tubular goods (OCTG)		148,093		105,500		412,223		345,139	
	\$	471,242	\$	383,960	\$	1,230,732	\$	1,116,369	
Valves, fittings, flanges and other products:									
Valves and specialty products	\$	530,536	\$	355,726	\$	1,449,248	\$	1,071,205	
Carbon steel fittings and flanges and stainless steel									
and alloy pipe and fittings		330,444		286,732		929,349		869,995	
Other		285,924		287,293		811,791		829,020	
	\$	1,146,904	\$	929,751	\$	3,190,388	\$	2,770,220	

## **NOTE 7 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

From time to time, we use derivative financial instruments to help manage our exposure to interest rate risk and fluctuations in foreign currencies. All of our derivative instruments are freestanding and, accordingly, changes in their fair market value are recorded in earnings. As of September 30, 2014, we do not have any interest rate swap agreements. Foreign exchange forward contracts and options are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs, as the fair value is based on broker quotes for the same or similar derivative instruments. The total notional amount of our forward foreign exchange contracts and options was approximately \$56.6 million and \$331.3 million at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. We had approximatey \$1.1 million and \$4.6 million recorded as assets on our consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

With the exception of long-term debt, the fair values of our financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate carrying value. The carrying value of our debt was \$1.417 billion and \$0.987 billion at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. We estimate the fair value of the Term Loan using Level 2 inputs, or quoted market prices. The fair value of our debt was \$1.418 billion and \$0.997 billion at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

## **NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

## **Litigation**

Asbestos Claims. We are one of many defendants in lawsuits that plaintiffs have brought seeking damages for personal injuries that exposure to asbestos allegedly caused. Plaintiffs and their family members have brought these lawsuits against a large volume of defendant entities as a result of the defendants' manufacture, distribution, supply or other involvement with asbestos, asbestos containing-products or equipment or activities that allegedly caused plaintiffs to be exposed to asbestos. These plaintiffs typically assert exposure to asbestos as a consequence of third-party manufactured products that our McJunkin Red Man Corporation subsidiary purportedly distributed. As of September 30, 2014, we are named a defendant in approximately 402 lawsuits involving approximately 1,047 claims. No asbestos lawsuit has resulted in a judgment against us to date, with a majority being settled, dismissed or otherwise resolved. Applicable third-party insurance has substantially covered these claims, and insurance should continue to cover a substantial majority of existing and anticipated future claims. Accordingly, we have recorded a liability for our estimate of the most likely settlement of asserted claims and a related receivable from insurers for our estimated recovery, to the extent we believe that the amounts of recovery are probable. It is not possible to predict the outcome of these claims and proceedings. However, in our opinion, the likelihood that the ultimate disposition of any of these claims and legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements is remote.

Other Legal Claims and Proceedings. From time to time, we have been subject to various claims and involved in legal proceedings incidental to the nature of our businesses. We maintain insurance coverage to reduce financial risk associated with certain of these claims and proceedings. It is not possible to predict the outcome of these claims and proceedings. However, in our opinion, the likelihood that the ultimate disposition of any of these claims and legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements is remote.

Product Claims. From time to time, in the ordinary course of our business, our customers may claim that the products that we distribute are either defective or require repair or replacement under warranties that either we or the manufacturer may provide to the customer. These proceedings are, in the opinion of management, ordinary and routine matters incidental to our normal business. Our purchase orders with our suppliers generally require the manufacturer to indemnify us against any product liability claims, leaving the manufacturer ultimately responsible for these claims. In many cases, state, provincial or foreign law provides protection to distributors for these sorts of claims, shifting the responsibility to the manufacturer. In some cases, we could be required to repair or replace the products for the benefit of our customer and seek our recovery from the manufacturer for our expense. In our opinion, the likelihood that the ultimate disposition of any of these claims and legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements is remote.

Weatherford Claim. In addition to PVF, our Canadian subsidiary, Midfield Supply ("Midfield"), now known as MRC Canada ULC, also distributed progressive cavity pumps and related equipment ("PCPs") under a distribution agreement with Weatherford Canada Partnership ("Weatherford") within a certain geographical area located in southern Alberta, Canada. In late 2005 and early 2006, Midfield hired new employees, including former Weatherford employees, as part of Midfield's desire to expand its PVF business into northern Alberta. Shortly thereafter, many of

these employees left Midfield and formed a PCP manufacturing, distribution and service company named Europump Systems Inc. ("Europump") in 2006. The distribution agreement with Weatherford expired in 2006. Midfield supplied Europump with PVF products that Europump distributed along with PCP pumps. In April 2007, Midfield purchased Europump's distribution branches and began distributing and servicing Europump PCPs.

Pursuant to a complaint that Weatherford filed on April 11, 2006 in the Court of Queen's Bench of Alberta, Judicial Bench of Edmonton (Action No. 060304628), Weatherford sued Europump, three of Europump's part suppliers, Midfield, certain current and former employees of Midfield, and other related entities, asserting a host of claims including breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, misappropriation of confidential information related to the PCPs, unlawful interference with economic relations and conspiracy. The Company denies these allegations and contends that Midfield's expansion and subsequent growth was the result of fair competition.

From 2006 through 2012, the case focused largely on Weatherford's questioning of defense witnesses. In 2013, the defendants began substantive questioning of Weatherford and its witnesses. Discovery is ongoing and expected to last through early 2015.

Due to ongoing discovery, and the limited information available related to any claimed damages, we cannot reasonably estimate potential loss at this time. The Company believes Weatherford's claims are without merit and intends to defend them vigorously.

## **Customer Contracts**

We have contracts and agreements with many of our customers that dictate certain terms of our sales arrangements (pricing, deliverables, etc.). While we make every effort to abide by the terms of these contracts, certain provisions are complex and often subject to varying interpretations. Under the terms of these contracts, our customers have the right to audit our adherence to the contract terms. Historically, any settlements that have resulted from these customer audits have not been material to our consolidated financial statements.

## **Purchase Commitments**

We have purchase obligations consisting primarily of inventory purchases made in the normal course of business to meet operating needs. While our vendors often allow us to cancel these purchase orders without penalty, in certain cases, cancellations may subject us to cancellation fees or penalties depending on the terms of the contract.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. As used in this Form 10-Q, unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, all references to the "Company", "MRC Global", "we", "our" or "us" refer to MRC Global Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. All references throughout this section (and elsewhere in this report) to amounts available for borrowing under various credit facilities refer to amounts actually available for borrowing after giving effect to any borrowing base limitations that the facility imposes.

## **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (as well as other sections of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q) contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Forward-looking statements include those preceded by, followed by or including the words "will," "expect," "intended," "anticipated," "believe," "project," "forecast," "propose," "plan," "estimate," "enable," and similar expressions, including, for example, statements about our business strategy, our industry, our future profitability, growth in the industry sectors we serve, our expectations, beliefs, plans, strategies, objectives, prospects and assumptions, and estimates and projections of future activity and trends in the oil and natural gas industry. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. These statements are based on management's expectations that involve a number of business risks and uncertainties, any of which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, most of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control, including the factors described under "Risk Factors", that may cause our actual results and performance to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, among other things:

- decreases in oil and natural gas prices;
- decreases in oil and natural gas industry expenditure levels, which may result from decreased oil and natural
  gas prices or other factors;
- increased usage of alternative fuels, which may negatively affect oil and natural gas industry expenditure levels:
- U.S. and international general economic conditions;
- · our ability to compete successfully with other companies in our industry;
- the risk that manufacturers of the products we distribute will sell a substantial amount of goods directly to end users in the industry sectors we serve;
- · unexpected supply shortages;
- cost increases by our suppliers;
- our lack of long-term contracts with most of our suppliers;
- suppliers' price reductions of products that we sell, which could cause the value of our inventory to decline;
- · decreases in steel prices, which could significantly lower our profit;
- increases in steel prices, which we may be unable to pass along to our customers which could significantly lower our profit;
- our lack of long-term contracts with many of our customers and our lack of contracts with customers that require minimum purchase volumes;
- changes in our customer and product mix;
- · risks related to our customers' creditworthiness;

- the dependence on our subsidiaries for cash to meet our obligations;
- our significant indebtedness;
- · changes in our credit profile;
- the potential adverse effects associated with integrating acquisitions into our business and whether these
  acquisitions will yield their intended benefits;
- the success of our acquisition strategies;
- · a decline in demand for certain of the products we distribute if import restrictions on these products are lifted;
- · environmental, health and safety laws and regulations and the interpretation or implementation thereof;
- the sufficiency of our insurance policies to cover losses, including liabilities arising from litigation;
- product liability claims against us;
- pending or future asbestos-related claims against us;
- the potential loss of key personnel;
- interruption in the proper functioning of our information systems;
- · loss of third-party transportation providers;
- potential inability to obtain necessary capital;
- risks related to adverse weather events or natural disasters;
- · impairment of our goodwill or other intangible assets;
- adverse changes in political or economic conditions in the countries in which we operate;
- risks associated with international instability and geopolitical developments;
- exposure to U.S. and international laws and regulations, including the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and the U.K. Bribery Act and other economic sanctions programs;
- risks relating to ongoing evaluations of internal controls required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act;
- the impact on us of the SEC's move toward convergence with IFRS; and
- the occurrence of cybersecurity incidents.

Undue reliance should not be placed on our forward-looking statements. Although forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise, except to the extent law requires.

## Overview

We are the largest global industrial distributor, based on sales, of pipe, valves, and fittings ("PVF") and related products and services to the energy industry and hold a leading position in our industry across each of the upstream (exploration, production and extraction of underground oil and natural gas), midstream (gathering and transmission of oil and natural gas, natural gas utilities and the storage and distribution of oil and natural gas) and downstream (crude oil refining, petrochemical and chemical, processing and general industrials) sectors. Our business is segregated into three geographical segments, consisting of our U.S., Canadian and International operations. We serve our customers in over 400 service locations. We offer a wide array of PVF and oilfield supplies encompassing a complete line of products from our global network of suppliers to our more than 19,000 customers. We are diversified by geography, the industry sectors we serve and the products we sell. We seek to provide best-in-class service to our customers by satisfying the most complex, multi-site needs of many of the largest companies in the energy and industrial sectors as their primary PVF supplier. We believe the critical role we play in our customers' supply chain, together with our extensive product offering, broad global presence, customer-linked scalable information systems and efficient distribution capabilities, serve to solidify our long-standing customer relationships and drive our growth. As a result, we have an average relationship of over 20 years with our 25 largest customers.

#### **Key Drivers of Our Business**

Our revenues are predominantly derived from the sale of PVF and other oilfield and industrial supplies to the energy sector in North America, Europe, Asia, Australasia, the Middle East and Kazakhstan. Our business is, therefore, dependent upon both the current conditions and future prospects in the energy industry and, in particular, maintenance and expansionary operating and capital expenditures by our customers in the upstream, midstream and downstream sectors of the industry. Long-term growth in spending has been, and we believe will continue to be, driven by several factors, including underinvestment in global energy infrastructure, growth in shale and unconventional exploration and production ("E&P") activity, and anticipated strength in the oil, natural gas, refined products, petrochemical and other industrial sectors. The outlook for future oil, natural gas, refined products, petrochemical and other industrial PVF spending is influenced by numerous factors, including the following:

- Oil and Natural Gas Prices. Sales of PVF and related products to the oil and natural gas industry constitute a
  significant portion of our sales. As a result, we depend upon the oil and natural gas industry and its ability and
  willingness to make maintenance and capital expenditures to explore for, produce and process oil and natural
  gas and refined products. Oil and natural gas prices, both current and projected, along with the costs
  necessary to produce oil and gas, impact other drivers of our business, including E&P spending, additions and
  maintenance to pipeline mileage, refinery utilization and petrochemical and other industrial processing
  activity.
- Economic Conditions. The demand for the products we distribute is dependent on the general economy, the
  energy and industrials sectors and other factors. Changes in the general economy or in the energy and
  industrials sectors (domestically or internationally) can cause demand for the products we distribute to
  materially change.
- Customer, Manufacturer and Distributor Inventory Levels of PVF and Related Products. Customer, manufacturer and distributor inventory levels of PVF and related products can change significantly from period to period. Increases in our customers' inventory levels can have an adverse effect on the demand for the products we distribute when customers draw from their inventory rather than purchase new products. Reduced demand, in turn, would likely result in reduced sales volume and profitability. Increased inventory levels by manufacturers or other distributors can cause an oversupply of PVF and related products in the industry sectors we serve and reduce the prices that we are able to charge for the products we distribute. Reduced prices, in turn, would likely reduce our profitability. Conversely, decreased customer and manufacturer inventory levels may ultimately lead to increased demand for our products and would likely result in increased sales volumes and overall profitability.
- Steel Prices, Availability and Supply and Demand. Fluctuations in steel prices can lead to volatility in the pricing of the products we distribute, especially carbon steel tubular products, which can influence the buying patterns of our customers. A majority of the products we distribute contain various types of steel. The worldwide supply and demand for these products, or other steel products that we do not supply, impacts the pricing and availability of our products and, ultimately, our sales and operating profitability.

## **Recent Trends and Outlook**

During the first nine months of 2014, the average oil price of West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") increased to \$99.97 from \$98.15 per barrel in the first nine months of 2013 although prices have declined more recently and were \$78.77 per barrel as of November 3, 2014. A continued and sustained reduction in oil prices could negatively impact demand for our products, especially in the upstream and midstream sectors. U.S drilling activity and wells completed increased 5% during the first nine months of 2014 as compared to the same period of 2013. Natural gas prices increased to an average price of \$4.57/Mcf (Henry Hub) for the first nine months of 2014 compared to \$3.69/Mcf (Henry Hub). Rig activity continues to be heavily weighted toward oil relative to natural gas, with oil drilling representing 82% of the total U.S. rig count during the first nine months of 2014 compared to 78% for the same time period in 2013.

The third quarter is typically our strongest quarter, and we experienced an 8% increase in sales sequentially from the second quarter of 2014. Customer activity was strong throughout the third quarter and we remain encouraged by continued growth in our sales and backlog.

Internationally, we completed the \$260 million acquisition of Stream AS ("Stream") in January 2014. Headquartered in Norway, Stream (now known as MRC Global Norway AS) is the leading PVF distributor and provider of flow

control products, solutions and services to the offshore and oil and gas industry on the Norwegian Continental Shelf ("NCS"), the world's largest offshore sector. The Stream acquisition provides a platform for growth in offshore production applications where our major customers have been very active. We also completed the acquisitions of MSD Engineering Pte. Limited ("MSD") headquartered in Singapore and Metron Holding AS, the parent company of Hypteck AS ("Hypteck") headquartered in Norway. Each of these acquisitions expands our global footprint in distributing valves, automation, instrumentation and process control products. Elsewhere within our International business, our European operations continue to perform well, as have our growing operations in Singapore, Kazakhstan and the Middle East; however, challenging economic conditions in Australia persist and have had a negative impact on our profitability in the region.

In January 2014, we terminated a profit sharing agreement with respect to certain oilfield supply and service stores in western Canada. This profit sharing agreement required us to make annual profit sharing payments to Europump Systems, Inc. ("Europump") related to PVF sales in the heavy oil region of Canada. In conjunction with the termination of this agreement, we sold our progressive cavity pump ("PCP") distribution and servicing business to Europump, our primary supplier of PCP pumps. We believe this divestiture will allow us to focus on our core business of supplying PVF products and services to the energy and industrial markets. We expect the impact of this divestiture to be a reduction in sales of approximately \$82 million in 2014, including approximately \$58 million through the first nine months of 2014; however, through the elimination of costs associated with the business, including the profit sharing payments to Europump, we expect the impact of the sale will have an accretive impact on profitability going forward. We recorded a pre-tax charge of \$6.2 million, or \$5.0 million after tax, associated with the termination of the profit sharing agreement during the first quarter of 2014.

We determine backlog by the amount of unshipped customer orders, either specific or general in nature (including orders held under pipe programs), which the customer may revise or cancel in certain instances. At September 30, 2014, total backlog was \$1.254 billion, including \$882 million in our U.S. segment, \$74 million in our Canadian segment and \$297 million in our International segment. At December 31, 2013, total backlog was \$758 million, including \$470 million in our U.S. segment, \$90 million in our Canadian segment and \$198 million in our International segment. At September 30, 2013, total backlog was \$739 million, including \$419 million in our U.S. segment, \$107 million in our Canadian segment and \$213 million in our International segment. The increase in U.S. backlog is being driven by project activity that we expect to be delivered in late 2014 and 2015. Approximately \$129 million of the increase in our International backlog is acquisition related. There can be no assurance that the backlog amounts will ultimately be realized as revenue or that we will earn a profit on the backlog of orders, but we expect that a substantial majority of sales in our backlog will be realized in the next twelve months.

Beginning in the second quarter of 2014, we have undertaken a number of initiatives to reduce operating costs, including a voluntary early retirement program and selective personnel reductions. In addition, we have closed our corporate office in Tulsa, Oklahoma and a corporate office in Sydney, Australia. As a result of actions taken to date, we have reduced headcount by approximately 230 people and anticipate annual savings of over \$17 million per year going forward. As a result of these efforts, we have incurred \$7.5 million of pre-tax charges, including \$2.6 million in the third quarter, for severance and other associated expenses. While we don't anticipate significant additional charges, we continue to look for opportunities to generate efficiencies and reduce our operating cost structure.

The following table shows key industry indicators for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

		Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			
	Sept	ember 30, 2014	-	ember 30, 2013	Sej	ptember 30, 2014	-	ember 30, 2013
Average Rig Count (1):								
United States		1,903		1,770		1,845		1,763
Canada		386		350		370		344
International		1,348		1,285		1,344		1,288
Total		3,637		3,405		3,559		3,395
			,					
Average Commodity Prices (2):								
WTI crude oil (per barrel)	\$	97.87	\$	105.83	\$	99.97	\$	98.15
Brent crude oil (per barrel)	\$	101.90	\$	110.23	\$	106.56	\$	108.33
Natural gas (\$/Mcf)	\$	3.96	\$	3.55	\$	4.57	\$	3.69
Wells Completed (1)		9,566		9,075		27,988		26,620
Average Monthly U.S. Well Permits (3)		6,479		5,854		6,493		5,906
3:2:1 Crack Spread <i>(4)</i>	\$	18.29	\$	17.57	\$	20.66	\$	25.22

<sup>(1)</sup> Source-Baker Hughes (<u>www.bakerhughes.com</u>) (Total rig count includes oil, natural gas and other rigs.)

## **Results of Operations**

## Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

The breakdown of our sales by sector for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows (in millions):

	 Three Months Ended							
	 September 30, 2014 September 30, 2013							
Upstream	\$ 753.1	47%	\$	588.1	45%			
Midstream	474.3	29%		377.3	29%			
Downstream and other industrials	 390.7	24%		348.3	26%			
	\$ 1,618.1	100%	\$	1,313.7	100%			

<sup>(2)</sup> Source-Department of Energy, EIA (www.eia.gov)

<sup>(3)</sup> Source-Rig Data (U.S.)

<sup>(4)</sup> Source- Bloomberg

For the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the following table summarizes our results of operations (in millions):

	Three Months Ended						
	Septe	September 30,		ember 30,			
		2014		2013	\$ C	Change	% Change
Sales:							
U.S.	\$	1,205.2	\$	1,015.0	\$	190.2	18.7%
Canada		161.2		162.1		(0.9)	(0.6%)
International		251.7		136.6		115.1	84.3%
Consolidated	\$	1,618.1	\$	1,313.7	\$	304.4	23.2%
Operating income:							
U.S.	\$	76.2	\$	72.9	\$	3.3	4.5%
Canada		7.7		3.2		4.5	140.6%
International		9.3		1.3		8.0	615.4%
Consolidated		93.2		77.4		15.8	20.4%
Interest expense		(14.9)		(15.5)		0.6	(3.9%)
Other income (expense)		(2.1)		(1.9)		(0.2)	10.5%
Income tax expense		(26.1)		(21.2)		(4.9)	23.1%
Net income	\$	50.1	\$	38.8	\$	11.3	29.1%
Adjusted Gross Profit (1)	\$	307.7	\$	251.3	\$	56.4	22.4%
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$	132.3	\$	96.4	\$	35.9	37.2%

(1)Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. For a reconciliation of these measures to an equivalent GAAP measure, see pages 18-20 herein.

*Sales*. Sales include the revenue recognized from the sale of the products we distribute, the services we provide to customers and freight billings to customers, less cash discounts taken by customers in return for their early payment of our invoices to them. Our sales were \$1,618.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$1,313.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

*U.S. Segment*—Our U.S. sales increased to \$1,205.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$1,015.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. This \$190.2 million, or 18.7%, increase reflected growth across substantially all major product lines responsive to growth in customer capital spending, increases in rig count and well completions and market share gains.

Canadian Segment—Our Canadian sales decreased to \$161.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$162.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The divestiture of our Canadian PCP business negatively impacted sales by \$20.4 million, and the negative impact on sales of the decline of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar was \$7.6 million. After adjusting for these items, the Canadian business was up 20.2%, which was also due to growth in customer spending.

International Segment—Our International sales increased to \$251.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$136.6 million for the same period in 2013. The increase of \$115.1 million was primarily the result of the acquisitions of Stream, Flangefitt Stainless Ltd. ("Flangefitt"), MSD and Hypteck which added \$92.3 million in revenue for the third quarter of 2014. Organically, international sales increased \$22.8 million driven by growth in the European business.

*Gross Profit.* Our gross profit was \$278.0 million (17.2% of sales) for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$238.3 million (18.1% of sales) for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The 90 basis point decline in gross profit percentage largely reflected the impact of our last-in, first-out ("LIFO") inventory costing methodology. LIFO resulted in an increase in cost of sales of \$3.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to a reduction in cost of sales of \$5.7 million during the same period of 2013.

Certain purchasing costs and warehousing activities (including receiving, inspection and stocking costs), as well as general warehousing expenses, are included in selling, general and administrative expenses and not in cost of sales. As such, our gross profit may not be comparable to others that may include these expenses as a component of cost of sales. Purchasing and warehousing costs approximated \$11.4 million and \$9.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Adjusted Gross Profit. Adjusted Gross Profit increased to \$307.7 (19.0% of sales) for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$251.3 million (19.1% of sales) for the three months ended September 30, 2013, an increase of \$56.4 million. Adjusted Gross Profit is a non-GAAP financial measure. We define Adjusted Gross Profit as sales, less cost of sales, plus depreciation and amortization, plus amortization of intangibles, and plus or minus the impact of our LIFO inventory costing methodology. We present Adjusted Gross Profit because we believe it is a useful indicator of our operating performance without regard to items, such as amortization of intangibles, that can vary substantially from company to company depending upon the nature and extent of acquisitions. Similarly, the impact of the LIFO inventory costing method can cause results to vary substantially from company to company depending upon whether they elect to utilize LIFO and depending upon which method they may elect. We use Adjusted Gross Profit as a key performance indicator in managing our business. We believe that gross profit is the financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles that is most directly comparable to Adjusted Gross Profit.

The following table reconciles Adjusted Gross Profit with gross profit, as derived from our financial statements (in millions):

	Three Months Ended									
	September 30, 2014		Percentage of Revenue	-	mber 30, 2013	Percentage of Revenue				
Gross profit, as reported	\$	278.0	17.2%	\$	238.3	18.1%				
Depreciation and amortization		6.5	0.4%		5.6	0.4%				
Amortization of intangibles		19.3	1.2%		13.1	1.0%				
Increase (decrease) in LIFO reserve		3.9	0.2%		(5.7)	(0.4%)				
Adjusted Gross Profit	\$	307.7	19.0%	\$	251.3	19.1%				

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses. Costs such as salaries, wages, employee benefits, rent, utilities, communications, insurance, fuel and taxes (other than state and federal income taxes) that are necessary to operate our branch and corporate operations are included in SG&A. Also contained in this category are certain items that are nonoperational in nature, including certain costs of acquiring and integrating other businesses. Our SG&A expenses were \$184.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$160.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. SG&A increased \$20.8 million as a result of our acquired businesses. The remainder of the increase was driven by \$2.6 million of severance and related charges associated with our cost reduction initiatives and \$5.7 million of charges related to the cancellation of certain executive employment agreements, \$2.5 million of which represented the accelerated recognition of equity-based compensation expense associated with previously issued awards.

*Operating Income.* Operating income was \$93.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to \$77.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, an increase of \$15.8 million.

*U.S. Segment*—Operating income for our U.S. segment increased to \$76.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$72.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in operating income was the result of an increase in our sales offset by higher SG&A expenses, including \$0.9 million of severance and related charges and \$5.7 million of charges related to the cancellation of certain executive employment agreements.

Canadian Segment—Operating income for our Canadian segment increased to \$7.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$3.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase of \$4.5 million reflected the improved profitability resulting from the divestiture of our PCP business offset by \$0.3 million of severance and related charges.

*International Segment*—Operating income for our International segment increased to \$9.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 from \$1.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase of \$8.0 million was the result of the increase in sales that we experienced offset by \$1.4 million of severance and related charges.

*Interest Expense.* Our interest expense was \$14.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$15.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. This represented a modest decrease of \$0.6 million resulting from lower interest rates offset by higher average debt levels.

**Other expense, net.** Our other expense was \$2.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The current quarter included foreign currency losses of \$4.9 million and a \$2.6 million gain on the change in the fair value of derivatives as compared to a foreign currency gain of \$1.4 million and \$1.8 million loss on the change of fair value of derivatives in the third quarter of 2013.

*Income Tax Expense.* Our income tax expense was \$26.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$21.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Our effective tax rates were 34.2% and 35.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Our rates generally differ from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% as a result of state income taxes and differing foreign income tax rates.

*Net Income.* Our net income was \$50.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$38.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, an increase of \$11.3 million.

**Adjusted EBITDA.** We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income plus interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, amortization of intangibles and certain other expenses (such as gains/losses on the early extinguishment of debt, changes in the fair value of derivative instruments and goodwill impairment) and plus or minus the impact of our LIFO inventory costing methodology. Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, was \$132.3 million (8.2% of sales) for the three months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to \$96.4 million (7.3% of sales) for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

We believe Adjusted EBITDA provides investors a helpful measure for comparing our operating performance with the performance of other companies that have different financing and capital structures or tax rates. We believe that net income is the financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles that is most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA.

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA with net income, as derived from our financial statements (in millions):

		Three Mont	ths Ended	
	Septen	nber 30,	Septem	ber 30,
	20	)14	20	13
Net income	\$	50.1	\$	38.8
Income tax expense		26.1		21.2
Interest expense		14.9		15.5
Depreciation and amortization		6.5		5.6
Amortization of intangibles		19.3		13.1
Increase (decrease) in LIFO reserve		3.9		(5.7)
Change in fair value of derivative instruments		(2.6)		1.8
Equity-based compensation expense		3.4		4.0
Severance and related charges		2.6		8.0
Cancellation of executive employment agreements (cash portion)		3.2		-
Insurance charge		-		2.0
Foreign currency (gains) losses		4.9		(1.4)
Other expense				0.7
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	132.3	\$	96.4

## Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

The breakdown of our sales by sector for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows (in millions):

	Nine Months Ended						
	September 30, 2014			September 30, 2013			
Upstream	\$	2,088.0	47%	\$	1,708.9	44%	
Midstream		1,201.7	27%		1,098.8	28%	
Downstream and other industrials		1,131.4	26%		1,078.9	28%	
	\$	4,421.1	100%	\$	3,886.6	100%	

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, the following table summarizes our results of operations (in millions):

		Nine Mon					
	Sept	ember 30,	Sept	ember 30,			
		2014		2013	\$ Change		% Change
Sales:							
U.S.	\$	3,268.7	\$	2,955.8	\$	312.9	10.6%
Canada		477.5		520.1		(42.6)	(8.2%)
International		674.9		410.7		264.2	64.3%
Consolidated	\$	4,421.1	\$	3,886.6	\$	534.5	13.8%
						•	
Operating income:							
U.S.	\$	194.8	\$	229.8	\$	(35.0)	(15.2%)
Canada		20.5		14.6		5.9	40.4%
International		12.8		8.8		4.0	45.5%
Consolidated		228.1		253.2		(25.1)	(9.9%)
Interest expense		(45.4)		(46.0)		0.6	(1.3%)
Other expense		(9.6)		(12.9)		3.3	(25.6%)
Income tax expense		(60.1)		(65.5)		5.4	(8.2%)
Net income	\$	113.0	\$	128.8	\$	(15.8)	(12.3%)
Adjusted Gross Profit (1)	\$	845.8	\$	763.5	\$	82.3	10.8%
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$	322.5	\$	299.2	\$	23.3	7.8%
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$	322.5	\$	299.2	\$	23.3	

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. For a reconciliation of these measures to an equivalent GAAP measure, see pages 22-24 herein.

*Sales*. Our sales increased 13.8% to \$4,421.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$3,886.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

*U.S. Segment*—Our U.S. sales increased to \$3,268.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$2,955.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. This \$312.9 million, or 10.6%, increase reflected growth across substantially all major product lines responsive to growth in customer capital spending, increases in rig count and well completions and market share gains.

Canadian Segment—Our Canadian sales decreased to \$477.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$520.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The divestiture of our PCP business negatively impacted sales by \$57.9 million, and the negative impact on sales of the decline of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar was \$32.9 million. After adjusting for these items, Canadian sales were up 11%, which was also due to an increase in customer spending.

*International Segment*—Our International sales increased to \$674.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$410.7 million for the same period in 2013. The increase was primarily the result of the acquisitions of Stream, Flangefitt, MSD and Hypteck which added \$235.5 million in revenue for the nine months of 2014. Organically, international sales increased \$28.8 million driven by growth in the European business.

*Gross Profit.* Our gross profit was \$769.6 million (17.4% of sales) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$728.8 million (18.8% of sales) for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The 140 basis point decline in gross profit percentage reflected the impact of deflation on our line pipe product group as well as our LIFO

inventory costing methodology. LIFO resulted in an increase in cost of sales of \$5.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to a reduction in cost of sales of \$21.2 million during the same period of 2013.

Certain purchasing costs and warehousing activities (including receiving, inspection and stocking costs), as well as general warehousing expenses, are included in selling, general and administrative expenses and not in cost of sales. As such, our gross profit may not be comparable to others that may include these expenses as a component of cost of sales. Purchasing and warehousing costs approximated \$34.7 million and \$27.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Adjusted Gross Profit. Adjusted Gross Profit increased to \$845.8 million (19.1% of sales) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$763.5 million (19.7% of sales) for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, an increase of \$82.3 million. Adjusted Gross Profit is a non-GAAP financial measure. We define Adjusted Gross Profit as sales, less cost of sales, plus depreciation and amortization, plus amortization of intangibles, and plus or minus the impact of our LIFO inventory costing methodology. We present Adjusted Gross Profit because we believe it is a useful indicator of our operating performance without regard to items, such as amortization of intangibles, that can vary substantially from company to company depending upon the nature and extent of acquisitions. Similarly, the impact of the LIFO inventory costing method can cause results to vary substantially from company to company depending upon whether they elect to utilize LIFO and depending upon which method they may elect. We use Adjusted Gross Profit as a key performance indicator in managing our business. We believe that gross profit is the financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles that is most directly comparable to Adjusted Gross Profit.

The following table reconciles Adjusted Gross Profit with gross profit, as derived from our financial statements (in millions):

	Nine Months Ended										
	September 30, 2014		Percentage of Revenue	September 30, 2013		Percentage of Revenue					
Gross profit, as reported	\$	769.6	17.4%	\$	728.8	18.8%					
Depreciation and amortization		17.1	0.4%		16.8	0.4%					
Amortization of intangibles		53.2	1.2%		39.1	1.0%					
Increase (decrease) in LIFO reserve		5.9	0.1%		(21.2)	(0.5%)					
Adjusted Gross Profit	\$	845.8	19.1%	\$	763.5	19.6%					

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses. Our SG&A expenses were \$541.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$475.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Approximately \$57.2 million of this \$65.9 million increase was as a result of our acquired businesses. The remainder of the increase was driven by higher personnel costs resulting from increased business activity levels and \$7.5 million of severance and related charges associated with our cost reduction initiatives and \$5.7 million of charges related to the cancellation of certain executive employment agreements, \$2.5 million of which represented the accelerated recognition of equity-based compensation expense associated with previously issued awards.

*Operating Income*. Operating income was \$228.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to \$253.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, a decrease of \$25.1 million.

*U.S. Segment*—Operating income for our U.S. segment decreased to \$194.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$229.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. This decline in operating income was a result of the decline in gross profit, including the impact of our LIFO inventory costing methodology, as well as the increase in SG&A expenses, including \$4.1 million of severance and related charges and \$5.7 million of charges related to the cancellation of certain executive employment agreements.

Canadian Segment—Operating income for our Canadian segment increased to \$20.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$14.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increase of \$5.9 million reflected the improved profitability resulting from the divestiture of our PCP business offset by \$0.6 million of severance and related charges.

*International Segment*—Operating income for our International segment increased to \$12.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$8.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increase of \$4.0 million was the result of the increase in sales that we experienced offset by \$2.8 million of severance and related charges.

*Interest Expense.* Our interest expense was \$45.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$46.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

*Other expense, net.* Our other expense decreased to \$9.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 from \$12.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The expenses for the first nine months of 2014 included a \$6.2 million charge related to the divestiture of the Canadian PCP business, \$1.7 million in expense related to the change in the fair value of derivative instruments, and \$1.8 million of foreign currency losses. The expenses for the first nine months of 2013 included \$12.0 million in losses on foreign currency translations offset by \$0.6 million in income related to the change in the fair value of derivative instruments.

*Income Tax Expense.* Our income tax expense was \$60.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$65.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Our effective tax rates were 34.7% and 33.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Our rates generally differ from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% as a result of state income taxes and differing foreign income tax rates.

*Net Income.* Our net income was \$113.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$128.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, a decrease of \$15.8 million.

**Adjusted EBITDA.** We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income plus interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, amortization of intangibles and certain other expenses (such as gains/losses on the early extinguishment of debt, changes in the fair value of derivative instruments and goodwill impairment) and plus or minus the impact of our LIFO inventory costing methodology. Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, was \$322.5 million (7.3% of sales) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to \$299.2 million (7.7% of sales) for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

We believe Adjusted EBITDA provides investors a helpful measure for comparing our operating performance with the performance of other companies that have different financing and capital structures or tax rates. We believe that net income is the financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles that is most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA.

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA with net income, as derived from our financial statements (in millions):

		Nine Mont	hs Ended	
	_	nber 30, 014	-	nber 30, )13
Net income	\$	113.0	\$	128.8
Income tax expense		60.1		65.5
Interest expense		45.4		46.0
Depreciation and amortization		17.1		16.8
Amortization of intangibles		53.2		39.1
Increase (decrease) in LIFO reserve		5.9		(21.2)
Change in fair value of derivative instruments		1.7		(0.6)
Equity-based compensation expense		7.4		8.6
Loss on sale of Canadian PCP business		6.2		-
Severance and related charges		7.5		8.0
Cancellation of executive employment agreements (cash portion)		3.2		-
Insurance charge		-		2.0
Foreign currency (gains) losses		1.8		12.0
Other expense				1.4
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	322.5	\$	299.2

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our primary sources of liquidity consist of cash generated from our operating activities, existing cash balances and borrowings under our Global ABL Facility. At September 30, 2014, our total liquidity, including cash on hand, was \$307.3 million. Our ability to generate sufficient cash flows from our operating activities will continue to be primarily dependent on our sales of products and services to our customers at margins sufficient to cover our fixed and variable expenses. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$31.1 million and \$25.2 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, \$26.8 million and \$21.9 million of our cash and cash equivalents, respectively, were maintained in the accounts of our various foreign subsidiaries. If such amounts were transferred among countries or repatriated to the U.S., such amounts may be subject to additional tax liabilities, which would be recognized in our financial statements in the period during which such decision would be made. We have the intent and ability to indefinitely reinvest the cash held by our foreign subsidiaries, and there are currently no plans that require the repatriation of this cash.

In July 2014, we amended our revolving credit facility. We have a \$1.05 billion multi-currency global asset-based revolving credit facility (the "Global ABL Facility") that matures in July 2019. This facility is comprised of \$977 million in revolver commitments in the United States, \$30 million in Norway, \$20 million in Canada, \$5 million in the United Kingdom, \$10 million in Australia, \$4 million in the Netherlands and \$4 million in Belgium. It contains an accordion feature that allows us to increase the principal amount of the facility by up to \$300 million, subject to securing additional lender commitments. As of September 30, 2014, we had \$276.2 million available under this Global ABL Facility.

In conjunction with the acquisition of Stream, we assumed a credit facility, denominated in Norwegian Krone, comprised of subfacilities for revolving credit of \$28 million, guarantees of \$33 million and foreign exchange of \$2 million. Subsequent to the close of the acquisition, this facility was amended and currently consists of a guarantee facility of \$28 million, an overdraft facility of \$10 million and a foreign exchange facility of \$2 million. These facilities are secured by standby letters of credit drawn against our Global ABL Facility and have no financial maintenance covenants.

Our credit ratings are below "investment grade" and as such could impact both our ability to raise new funds as well as the interest rates on our future borrowings. Our ability to incur additional debt is restricted by our existing obligations. We were in compliance with the covenants contained in our various credit facilities as of and during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

We believe our sources of liquidity will be sufficient to satisfy the anticipated cash requirements associated with our existing operations for at least the next twelve months. However, our future cash requirements could be higher than we currently expect as a result of various factors. Additionally, our ability to generate sufficient cash from our operating activities depends on our future performance, which is subject to general economic, political, financial, competitive and other factors beyond our control. We may from time to time seek to raise additional debt or equity financing or re-price or refinance existing debt in the public or private markets, based on market conditions. Any such capital markets activities would be subject to market conditions, reaching final agreement with lenders or investors, and other factors, and there can be no assurance that we would successfully consummate any such transactions.

## Cash Flows

The following table sets forth our cash flows for the periods indicated below (in millions):

		Nine Months Ended						
	Septer 2	-	September 30, 2013					
Net cash provided by (used in):								
Operating activities	\$	(68.6)	\$	241.4				
Investing activities		(354.4)		(34.9)				
Financing activities		429.5		(208.3)				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	6.5	\$	(1.8)				

## **Operating Activities**

Net cash used in operating activities was \$68.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$241.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in net cash used in operations was primarily the result of increased working capital requirements. Excluding the impact of acquisitions, working capital increased \$227.7 million in the first nine months of 2014 as compared to a decrease of \$76.9 million in the first nine months of 2013. We experienced a significant increase in accounts receivable in the first nine months of 2014. This was the result of a pick up in business throughout the year combined with the impact of the timing of payments from various large customers. During the first nine months of 2014, we also grew our inventories in response to an increased level of sales. We experienced an increase in accounts payable in the first nine months of 2014, primarily due to the timing of our vendor payment cycle at September 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013.

## **Investing Activities**

Net cash used in investing activities was \$354.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared \$34.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The \$319.5 million increase in cash used in investing activities was the result of the acquisitions of Stream, MSD and Hypteck, which required \$347.0 million of cash during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Our capital expenditures were \$10.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and \$14.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

## Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$429.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$208.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The financing activities generally reflect advances and payments on our credit facilities. Net borrowings on our Global ABL Facility totaled \$436.8 million in the first nine months of 2014 primarily to fund the Stream, MSD, and Hypteck acquisitions, compared to net repayments of \$205.8 million in the first nine months of 2013.

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in the financial statements. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and other assumptions, which it believes are reasonable. If actual amounts are ultimately different from these estimates, the revisions are included in our results of operations for the period in which the actual amounts become known.

Accounting policies are considered critical when they require management to make assumptions about matters that are highly uncertain at the time the estimates are made and when there are different estimates that management reasonably could have made, which would have a material impact on the presentation of our financial condition, changes in our financial condition or results of operations. For a description of our critical accounting policies, see "Item 7: "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results from Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are primarily exposed to the market risk associated with unfavorable movements in interest rates, foreign currencies and steel price volatility. There have been no material changes to our market risk policies or our market risk sensitive instruments and positions as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

## Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

As of September 30, 2014, we have reviewed, under the direction of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e). Based upon and as of the date of that review, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

## Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the first nine months of 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we have been subject to various claims and involved in legal proceedings incidental to the nature of our businesses. We maintain insurance coverage to reduce financial risk associated with certain of these claims and proceedings. It is not possible to predict the outcome of these claims and proceedings. However, in our opinion, there are no pending legal proceedings that are likely to have a material effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows, although it is possible that the resolution of certain actual, threatened or anticipated claims or proceedings could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations in the period of resolution.

Also, from time to time, in the ordinary course of our business, our customers may claim that the products that we distribute are either defective or require repair or replacement under warranties that either we or the manufacturer may provide to the customer. These proceedings are, in the opinion of management, ordinary and routine matters incidental to our normal business. Our purchase orders with our suppliers generally require the manufacturer to indemnify us against any product liability claims, leaving the manufacturer ultimately responsible for these claims. In many cases, state, provincial or foreign law provides protection to distributors for these sorts of claims, shifting the responsibility to the manufacturer. In some cases, we could be required to repair or replace the products for the benefit of our customer and seek recovery from the manufacturer for our expense. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these claims and proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

For information regarding asbestos cases in which we are a defendant and other claims and proceedings, see Note 8 – Commitments and Contingencies to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We are affected by risks specific to us as well as factors that affect all businesses operating in a global market. The significant factors known to us that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or operating results are described in Part I, Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 under "Risk Factors".

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

A summary of our purchases of MRC Global Inc. common stock during the third quarter of fiscal year 2014 is as follows:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	rage Price I per Share	Total number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Dollar Value Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs	
July1 - July 31	-	\$ -	-	\$	-
August 1 - August 31	6,848	\$ 24.83	-	\$	-
September 1 - September	•				
30	3,230	\$ 23.33	-	\$	-
	10,078				
	10,078				

<sup>(1)</sup> We purchased 10,078 shares in connection with funding employee income taxwithholding obligations arising upon the lapse of restrictions on restricted shares. There were no open-market repurchases.

## ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINING SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Number	Description
31.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32**	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
100*	The following financial information from MRC Global Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2014, formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and (v) Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.
101*	Interactive data file.
* **	Filed herewith. Furnished herewith.
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## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MRC GLOBAL INC.

By: /s/ James E.Braun

James E. Braun Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 7, 2014

#### CERTIFICATION

## I, Andrew R. Lane, certify that:

- 1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2014 of MRC Global Inc.;
- 2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a.Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b.Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c.Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d.Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2014

/s/ Andrew R. Lane

Name: Andrew R. Lane

Title: Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

#### CERTIFICATION

## I, James E. Braun, certify that:

- 1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2014 of MRC Global Inc.:
- 2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a.Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b.Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c.Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d.Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5.The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b.Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2014

/s/ James E. Braun

Name: James E. Braun

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the filing of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MRC Global Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), for the period ended September 30, 2014 (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and,
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Andrew R. Lane

Name: Andrew R. Lane

Title: Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ James E. Braun

Name: James E. Braun

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 7, 2014